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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/397,491	09/15/1999	STANISLAV KHIRMAN	NARSP003	8814	
758	7590 04/22/20				
	& WEST LLP ALLEY CENTER		EXAM	INER	
801 CALIFO	DRNIA STREET		NEURAUTER	NEURAUTER, GEORGE C	
MOUNTAI	N VIEW, CA 94041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2143	(8	
			DATE MAILED: 04/22/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
٠	09/397,491	KHIRMAN ET AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	George C Neuraut		ddua a a			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover s	sheet with the correspondence at	iaress			
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'	Y IS SET TO EXPI	RE 3 MONTH(S) FROM	·			
 THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	36(a). In no event, however y within the statutory minin will apply and will expire SI	er, may a reply be timely filed num of thirty (30) days will be considered time X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of the come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ity. communication.			
Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 I	February 200 <u>3</u> .					
·— · _	nis action is non-fin	al.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allows	ance except for for	mal matters, prosecution as to t	he merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
4) Claim(s) 29-42 is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>29-42</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		oont .				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requiren	ien.				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		d to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a)				
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documen			J Otans			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper N Notice of Informal Patent Application (F Other:	lo(s) PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 29-42 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claim 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 31 contains the limitation "... wherein the provided response comprises allowing access to the data when the predetermined associated with the user is less than or equal to a predetermined parameter associated with the data."

In view of claims 30 and 33, the Examiner can only assume that the Applicant is attempting to accomplish an embodiment similar in scope to claim 35, wherein the user is provided access if the predetermined parameter associated with the user is insufficient when compared to the predetermined parameter associated with the data. The Examiner will assume this particular interpretation when examining the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 29-30, 36, 38, and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by OLIVER et al [US Patent Application Publication 20020133412 A1].

Regarding claim 29, OLIVER discloses a method for use in a detector device for controlling access to information on a network including a plurality of interconnected devices, the detector device coupled to the network between a first device and a second device, the method comprising:

monitoring a plurality of request signals for data between the first device and the second device in the network, at least one request signal including a user identification parameter; determining whether a user identified by the user identification parameter in the request signal is permitted access to the data; comparing a predetermined parameter associated with the user with a predetermined value parameter associated with the data to determine permission to access the data; and in response to the comparison, providing a response to the request signal; and in response to an operational failure within the detector device, allowing the plurality of request signals to pass uninterrupted between the first device and the second device. [paragraphs 270-294, 308, and 326-333, especially paragraph 327]

Claims 36 and 42 are also rejected under 35 USC 102(e) since claims 36 and 42 contain the same limitations as recited in claim 29.

Regarding claim 30, OLIVER discloses a method of controlling access of claim 29, wherein the provided response comprises allowing access to the data when the predetermined

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associated with the user is greater than or equal to a predetermined value parameter associated with the data. [paragraph 332]

Claim 38 is also rejected under 35 USC 102(e) since claim 38 contains the same limitations as recited in claim 30.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. Claims 31-32, 35, 37, and 39-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over OLIVER et al. in view of Iwamura [US Patent 6 272 535 B1].

Regarding claim 31, OLIVER discloses a method of controlling access of claim 29.

OLIVER does not expressly disclose wherein the provided response comprises allowing access to the data when the predetermined associated with the user is less than or equal to a predetermined parameter associated with the data, however, Iwamura does disclose these limitations [column 20, lines 62-67]

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to allow access to the data when the predetermined associated with the user is less than or equal to a predetermined parameter associated with the data because since Iwamura discloses that these limitations allow a user to access low quality information for the purposes of advertisement only [column 20, lines 62-67], one of ordinary skill would have known that users are willing to accept lower quality services for a reduced or no charge and would have combined these teachings with the method of controlling access in order to provide a choice of quality in services to the user.

Claim 35 is also rejected under 35 USC 103(a) since claim 35 is subject to the same references applied to claim 31 and motivations regarding the obviousness of claim 31.

Claim 37 is also rejected under 35 USC 103(a) since claim 37 contains the same limitations as recited in claim 31.

Claim 40 is also rejected under 35 USC 103(a) since claim 40 contains the same limitations as recited in claim 35.

Regarding claim 32, OLIVER discloses the method of claim 29.

OLIVER does not expressly disclose wherein the provided response comprises re-directing the data signal to a third device in response to the predetermined parameter associated with the user being less than the predetermined value associated with the data, the third device allowing for a re-setting of the predetermined parameter to a new parameter comprising a value greater than or equal to the predetermined value parameter associated with the data, however, Iwamura does disclose these limitations [column 6, lines 20-30].

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Iwamura discloses that these limitations allow a user to quickly and efficiently re-set a predetermined parameter associated with the user to a new parameter comprising a value greater than or equal to a predetermined value parameter associated with the data [column 6, lines 20-30, specifically lines 27-30]

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to allow a user to re-set the predetermined parameter associated with the user to a new parameter comprising a value greater than or equal to the predetermined value parameter associated with the data because one of ordinary skill would appreciate the advantage of being able to quickly and efficiently re-set the predetermined parameter associated with the user without having to do so at another location and would have combined the teachings of both references in order to achieve a more time-efficient invention as claimed.

Claim 39 is also rejected under 35 USC 103(a) since claim 39 contains the same limitations as recited in claim 39.

9. Claims 33, 34, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over OLIVER et al. in view of Lyles et al. [US Patent 5 917 822 A] and in further view of Houston [US Patent 6 353 929 B1].

Regarding claim 33, OLIVER discloses the method of claim 29.

OLIVER discloses wherein the predetermined parameter is one from a group comprising a positive monetary value and a positive time value. [paragraphs 120 and 330-333]

OLIVER does not expressly disclose a bandwidth value and a quality of service value, however, Lyles discloses that bandwidth and quality of service values in the context of providing user specific services based on threshold values such as bandwidth and quality of service is well

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known and used in the art [column 1, line 66-column 4, line 56; column 5, line 8-column 6, line 26], therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have known to combine the teachings of these references to achieve the invention as claimed.

OLIVER and Lyles do not expressly disclose a content rating, however, Houston discloses that using content ratings in the context of providing user specific services based on threshold values such as content ratings is well known and used in the art [column 2, lines 27-40], therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have known to combine the teachings of these references to achieve the invention as claimed.

Claim 41 is also rejected under 35 USC 103(a) since claim 41 contains the same limitations as recited in claim 33.

Regarding claim 34, OLIVER, Lyles, and Houston disclose the method of claim 33.

OLIVER does not expressly disclose allowing access to one from a group comprised of voice data, video data, and a real-time application in response to at least one of the bandwidth value or quality of service value being greater than or equal to a threshold parameter, however, Lyles discloses that these limitations in the context of providing user specific services based on threshold values such as bandwidth and quality of service is well known and used in the art [column 1, line 66-column 4, line 56; column 5, line 8-column 6, line 26, specifically column 5, lines 24-43 and column 5, line 62-column 6, line 7], therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have known to combine the teachings of these references to achieve the invention as claimed.

Conclusion

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10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George C Neurauter, Jr. whose telephone number is 703-305-4565. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 9am-5:30pm Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wiley can be reached on 703-308-5221. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7239 for regular communications and 703-746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-746-7240.

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gcn April 14, 2003

DAVID WILEY SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER **TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100**